

INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER

1N3879, 1N3889, 6FL, 12FL, 16FL SERIES

6A, 12A and 16A Fast Recovery Rectifiers

Major Ratings and Characteristics

	1N3879 -1N3883	1N3889 -1N3893	6FL...	12FL...	16FL...	Unit	
$I_F(AV)^{\dagger}$	6*	12*	6	12	16	A	
I_{FSM}	50Hz	72	145	110	145	180	A
	60Hz	75*	150*	115	150	190	A
I^2t	50Hz	26	103	60	103	160	A ² s
	60Hz	23	94	55	94	150	A ² s
I_{RMS}	363	1452	895	1452	2290	A \sqrt{s}	
t_{rr} range	see table					ns	
V_{RRM} range	50 - 400*		50 - 1000			V	
T_J range	-65 to 150					°C	

*JEDEC registered values.

† At max. $T_C = 100^{\circ}C$.

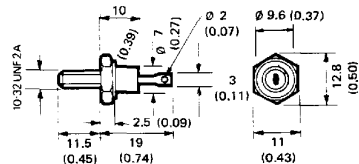
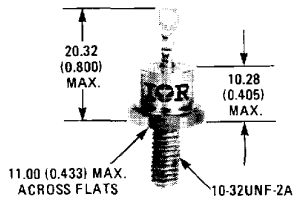
Description

This range of fast recovery diodes is designed for applications in DC power supplies, inverters, converters, choppers, ultrasonic systems and for use as free wheel diodes.

Features

- Short reverse recovery time
- Low stored charge
- Wide current range
- Excellent surge capabilities
- Standard JEDEC types
- Stud cathode and stud anode versions
- Types up to 1000V V_{RRM}
- Fully characterised reverse recovery conditions

CASE STYLE AND DIMENSIONS



Conforms to JEDEC: DO-203AA (DO-4)
IEC 191-2: A3U
BS 3934: SO-10A
DIN 41885: 101 C 2

All dimensions in millimetres (inches)

REVERSE VOLTAGE RATINGS

Part Number ① ②	VRRM - Max. Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage		VRRM - Max. Non-Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage $t_p \leq 5$ ms		I _R - Max. Reverse Current At Rated V _R		
	V		V		T _J = 25°C	T _J = 100°C	T _J = 150°C
	mA		mA		mA		
1N3879	50	75	0.015*	1.0*	3.0*		
1N3880	100	150	0.015*	1.0*	3.0*		
1N3881	200	250	0.015*	1.0*	3.0*		
1N3882	300	350	0.015*	1.0*	3.0*		
1N3883	400	450	0.015*	1.0*	3.0*		
1N3889	50	75	0.025*	3.0*	5.0*		
1N3890	100	150	0.025*	3.0*	5.0*		
1N3891	200	250	0.025*	3.0*	5.0*		
1N3892	300	350	0.025*	3.0*	5.0*		
1N3893	400	450	0.025*	3.0*	5.0*		
**6FL6S02	6FL6S05	6FL6S10	50	75	0.050	—	6.0
6FL10S02	6FL10S05	6FL10S10	100	150	0.050	—	6.0
6FL20S02	6FL20S05	6FL20S10	200	275	0.050	—	6.0
6FL40S02	6FL40S05	6FL40S10	400	500	0.050	—	6.0
6FL60S02	6FL60S05	6FL60S10	600	725	0.050	—	6.0
—	6FL80S05	6FL80S10	800	950	0.050	—	6.0
—	6FL100S05	6FL100S10	1000	1250	0.050	—	6.0
**12FL6S02	12FL6S05	12FL6S10	50	75	0.050	—	6.0
12FL10S02	12FL10S05	12FL10S10	100	150	0.050	—	6.0
12FL20S02	12FL20S05	12FL20S10	200	275	0.050	—	6.0
12FL40S02	12FL40S05	12FL40S10	400	500	0.050	—	6.0
12FL60S02	12FL60S05	12FL60S10	600	725	0.050	—	6.0
—	12FL80S05	12FL80S10	800	950	0.050	—	6.0
—	12FL100S05	12FL100S10	1000	1250	0.050	—	6.0
**16FL6S02	16FL6S05	16FL6S10	50	75	0.050	—	6.0
16FL10S02	16FL10S05	16FL10S10	100	150	0.050	—	6.0
16FL20S02	16FL20S05	16FL20S10	200	275	0.050	—	6.0
16FL40S02	16FL40S05	16FL40S10	400	500	0.050	—	6.0
16FL60S02	16FL60S05	16FL60S10	600	725	0.050	—	6.0
—	16FL80S05	16FL80S10	800	950	0.050	—	6.0
—	16FL100S05	16FL100S10	1000	1250	0.050	—	6.0

REVERSE RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS

	1N3879-1N3883	1N3889-1N3893	6FL...			12FL...			16FL...			Unit	Conditions
			S02	S05	S10	S02	S05	S10	S02	S05	S10		
t _{rr} Max. reverse recovery time	150	150	110	285	490	100	250	430	90	225	390	ns	T _J = 25°C, I _F = 1A to V _R = 30V dI _F /dt = 100 A/μs
	300*	300*	200	500	1000	200	500	1000	200	500	1000	ns	T _J = 25°C, dI _F /dt = 25 A/μs
I _{RM} (REC) Max. peak reverse recovery current	4*	5*	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I _{FM} = π × rated I _F (AV)
Q _{RR} Max. reverse recovered charge	400	350	230	1700	5000	200	1300	3800	150	1100	3000	nC	T _J = 25°C, I _F = 1A to V _R = 30V dI _F /dt = 100 A/μs
	400	400	200	1200	5000	200	1200	5000	200	1200	5000	nC	T _J = 25°C, dI _F /dt = 25 A/μs I _{FM} = π × rated I _F (AV)

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

	1N3879-1N3883	6FL...	1N3889-1N3893	12FL...	16FL...	Unit	Conditions
FORWARD CONDUCTION							
I _F (AV) Max. average forward current	6*	6	12*	16	A	180° conduction, half sine wave, T _C = 100°C	
I _F (RMS) Max. r.m.s. forward current	9.5	9.5	19	25	A		
I _{FSM} Max. peak one-cycle non-repetitive forward current	72	110	145	180	A	t = 10 ms With rated VRRM	
	75*	115	150*	190		t = 8.3 ms	
	85	130	170	215		t = 10 ms VRRM = 0	
i ² _t Max. i ² for fusing	90	135	160	245	A ² s	t = 10 ms With rated VRRM	
	26	80	103	160		t = 8.3 ms	
	23	55	94	150		t = 10 ms VRRM = 0	
Max. i ² for individual device fusing	36	86	145	230	A ² s	t = 10 ms	
	33	76	130	210		t = 8.3 ms	
i ² √t Max. i ² √t for individual device fusing ①	363	856	1452	2290	i ² √s	t = 0.1 to 10 ms	
V _{FM} Max. peak forward voltage	1.4*	1.4	1.4*	1.4	V	T _J = 25°C, I _F = rated I _F (AV) (D.C.)	
	1.5*	1.5	1.5*	1.5		T _C = 100°C, I _{FM} = π × rated I _F (AV)	

* JEDEC registered value

** Suffix "S02" may be omitted, i.e., 12FL10 to imply 12FL10S02, 12FLR60 implies 12FLR60S02.

① Types listed are cathode to case; for anode-to-case include "R" in code, i.e., 1N3879R, 6FLR20S10, 16FLR40S02.

① I_R(AV) @ rated I_F(AV) and VRRM, and T_C = 100°C.

② I_{RM} @ rated VRRM and T_J = 150°C.

③ i²t for time t_x = 12√t * √x

④ When these devices are ordered without a suffix, e.g., 40HFL, the order will be filled with devices that meet the S02 specification.

Thermal and mechanical specifications

	1N3879 -1N3883 6FL...	1N3889 -1N3893 12FL...	16FL...	Units	Conditions
T_J	Junction operating temperature range			-65 to 150	°C
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range			-65 to 175	°C
R_{thJC}	2.5	2.0	1.6	deg C/W	DC operation
R_{thCS}	Maximum thermal resistance, case to heatsink			0.5	deg C/W
T	Mounting torque ± 10%	to nut	10.5	lb.in	Mounting surface flat, smooth and greased. Lubricated threads (Non-lubricated threads)
			0.12	kgf.m	
		1.2	Nm		
		to device	11.5 (13.5)	lb.in	
			0.13 (0.156)	kgf.m	
wt	Approximate weight	7		g	
		0.25		oz	
Case style		DO-203AA (DO-4)		JEDEC	

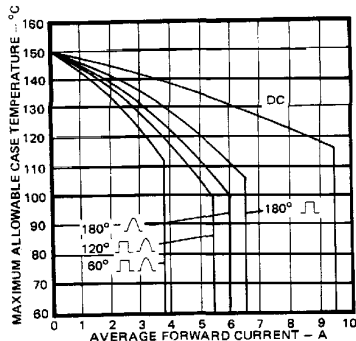


Fig. 1 - Average Forward Current Vs. Maximum Allowable Case Temperature, 1N3879 and 6FL Series

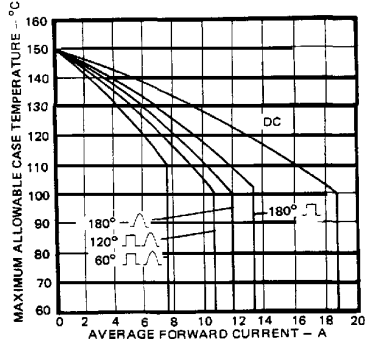


Fig. 2 - Average Forward Current Vs. Maximum Allowable Case Temperature, 1N3889 and 12FL Series

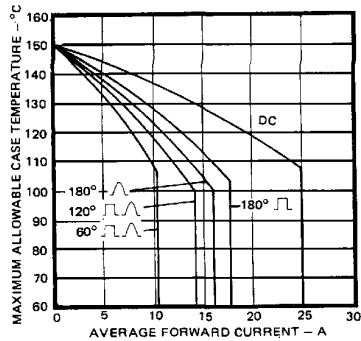
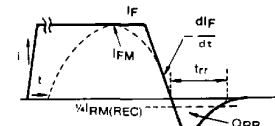
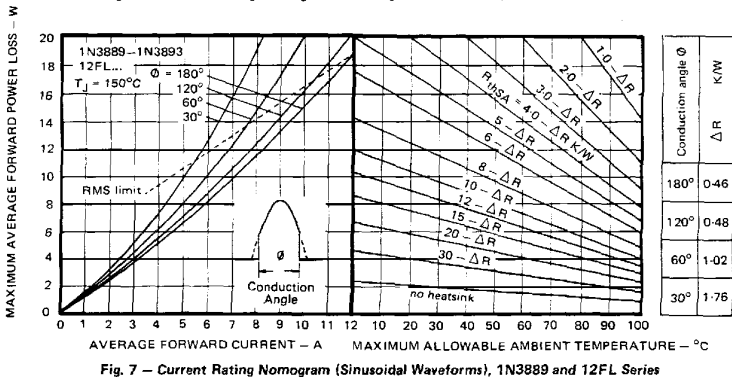
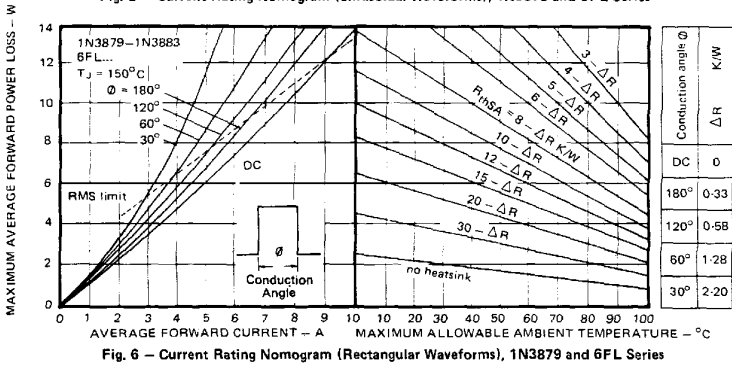
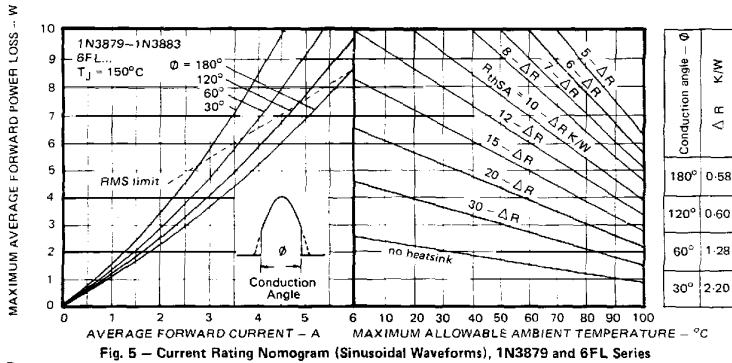


Fig. 3 - Average Forward Current Vs. Maximum Allowable Case Temperature, 16FL Series



- I_F, I_{FM} = Peak forward current prior to commutation
- $-dI_F/dt$ = Rate of fall of forward current
- $I_{RM(REC)}$ = Peak reverse recovery current
- t_{rr} = Reverse recovery time
- Q_{RR} = Reverse recovered charge

Fig. 4 - Reverse Recovery Time Test Waveform



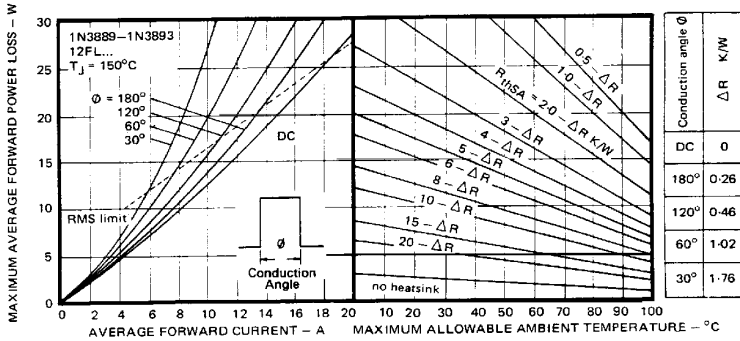


Fig. 8 – Current Rating Nomogram (Rectangular Waveforms), 1N3889 and 12FL Series

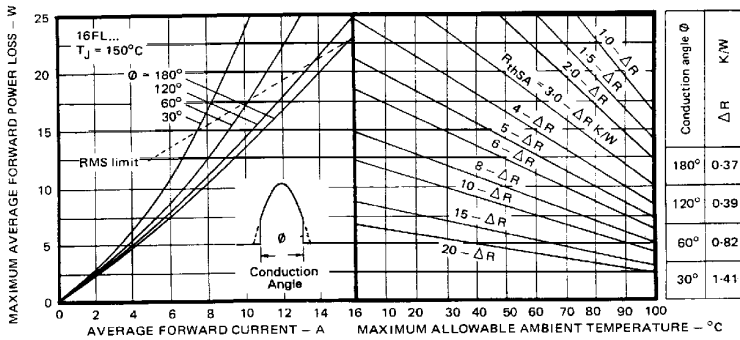


Fig. 9 – Current Rating Nomogram (Sinusoidal Waveforms), 16FL Series

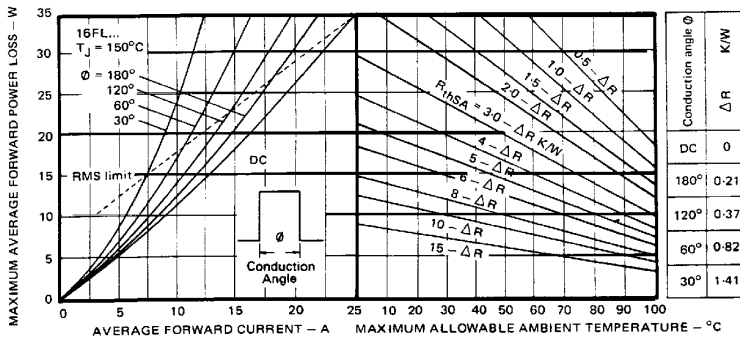


Fig. 10 – Current Rating Nomogram (Rectangular Waveforms), 16FL Series

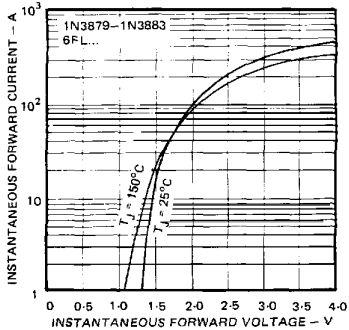


Fig. 11 - Maximum Forward Voltage Vs. Forward Current, 1N3879 and 6FL Series

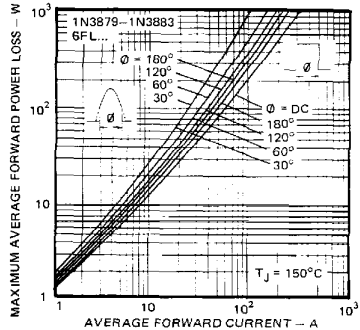


Fig. 12 - Maximum High Level Forward Power Loss Vs. Average Forward Current, 1N3879 and 6FL Series

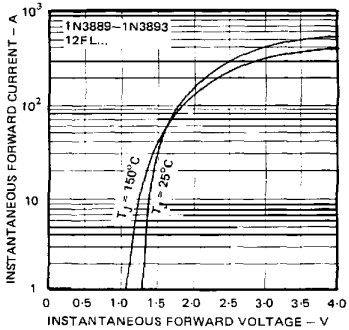


Fig. 13 - Maximum Forward Voltage Vs. Forward Current, 1N3889 and 12FL Series

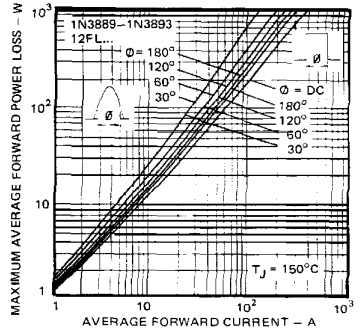


Fig. 14 - Maximum High Level Forward Power Loss Vs. Average Forward Current, 1N3889 and 12FL Series

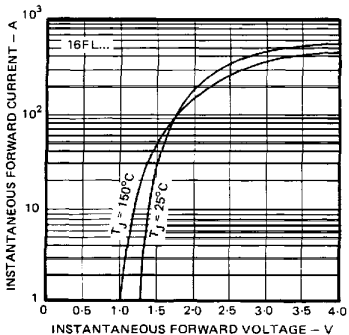


Fig. 15 - Maximum Forward Voltage Vs. Forward Current, 16FL Series

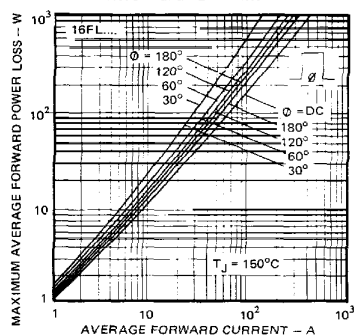


Fig. 16 - Maximum High Level Forward Power Loss Vs. Average Forward Current, 16FL Series

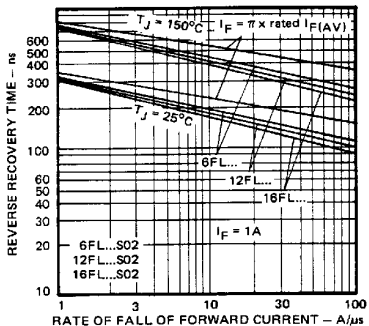


Fig. 17A — Maximum Reverse Recovery Time Vs. Rate of Fall of Forward Current, All Series __S02

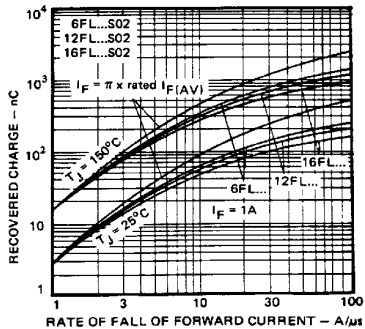


Fig. 17B — Maximum Recovered Charge Vs. Rate of Fall of Forward Current, All Series __S02

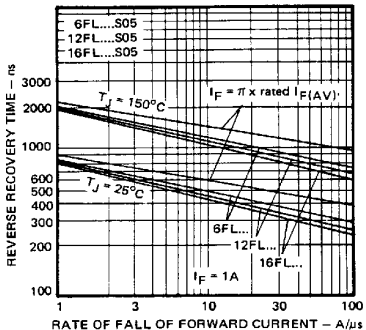


Fig. 18A — Maximum Reverse Recovery Time Vs. Rate of Fall of Forward Current, All Series __S05

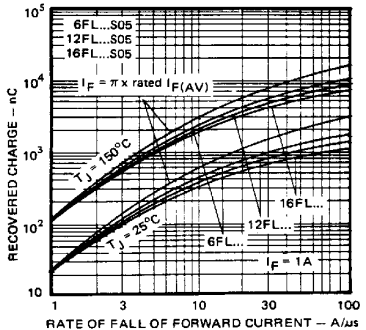


Fig. 18B — Maximum Recovered Charge Vs. Rate of Fall of Forward Current, All Series __S05

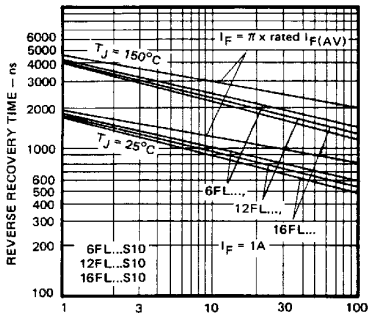


Fig. 19A — Maximum Reverse Recovery Time Vs. Rate of Fall of Forward Current, All Series __S10

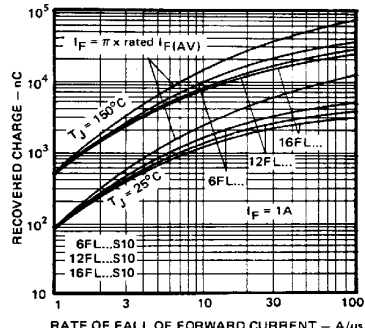


Fig. 19B — Maximum Recovered Charge Vs. Rate of Fall of Forward Current, All Series __S10

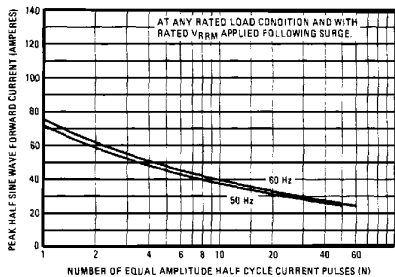


Fig. 20 – Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current Vs. Number of Current Pulses, 1N3879 Series

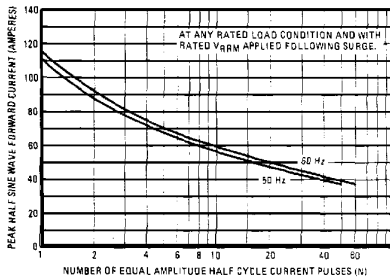


Fig. 21 – Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current Vs. Number of Current Pulses, 6FL Series

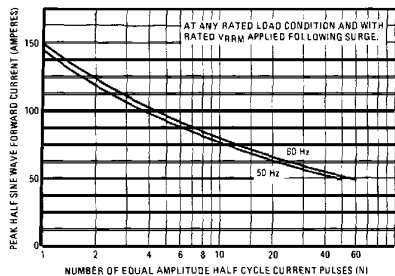


Fig. 22 – Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current Vs. Number of Current Pulses, 1N3889 and 12FL Series

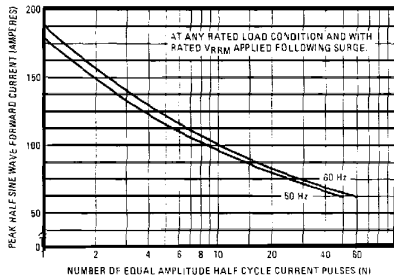


Fig. 23 – Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current Vs. Number of Current Pulses, 16FL Series

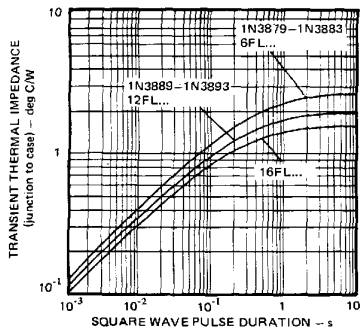


Fig. 24 – Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration, All Series.